L 22513-65 ACCESSION NH: AR4039965

s/n249/614/nno/no**9/B025/B025**

SOURCE: Ref. zh. Biol. Sv. t., Abs. 98187

6

AUTHOR: Abramova N. V.: Migalina, V. P.

TITLE: Chromatographic investigation of antibiotic substances of Actinomyces longisporus Ruber strain 1618

6. IED SOURCE: Tr. In-ta mikrobiol. i virusol. AN KazSSR, v. 7, 1963, 137-166

10.13 TAGS: actinomycetes, Actinomyces longisporus Ruber, antibiotic, chromatography

THANGLATION: Act. longisporus Ruber strain 1618 forms two strain is substances, a red one oul a white one. According to spot a life of the one of the one of the one is substance to a military to the antibiotic flown. In m a resume.

SUB CODE: LS

ENCL: 00

Card 1/1

ABRAMOVA, O.G. [Abramova, O.H.]

Histogenesis of the thyroid gland and the anterior part of the hypophysis in bronze turkeys. Visnyk Kyiv.un. no.1. Ser.biol. no.2:107-112 '58. (MIRA 16:4) (THYROID GLAND) (PITUITARY BODY) (EMBRYOCOGY.--BIRDS)

POPOV, S.D., vrach; ABRAMOVA, O.I., operatsionnaya sestra; MELESHCHENKO, A.M., operatsionnaya sestra (Leningrad)

Device for rewinding suggical silk thread. Med.sestra 21 no.12:49-50 D '62. (MIRA 16:4) (SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS AND APPARATUS)

FERDINAND, Ya.M. (Rostov-na-Donu); Prinimali uchastiye: MARISOVA, A.P.;

BRAYNINA, R.A.; MARGULIS, L.A.; MYASNENKO, A.M.; KOVALEVSKAYA,

I.L.; TELESHEVSKAYA, E.A.; SOROLEVA, S.V.; KALININA, K.I.;

KOVALEVA, N.S.; IVANOVA, M.K.; ARENDER, B.A.; KUCHERENKO, R.A.;

MANATSKOVA, K.S.; OLEYNIKOVA, L.T.; KIBARDINA, Yu.A.;

GRIGOR'YEVA, K.S.; SEMENIKHINA, L.G.; CHERNYKH E.I.; DOROFEYEVA,

V.M.; SHEVCHENKO, Ye.N.; ABRAMOVA, O.K.; SKUL'SKAYA, S.D.;

PETROVA, Z.I.; MAKHLINOVSKIY, L.I.; KUZ'MINA, A.I.; AL'TMAN, R.Sh.;

MARDERER, R.G.; YENGALYCHEVSKAYA, L.N.; CHIRKOVA, M.N.; TERESHCHENKO,

N.I.; SHELKOVNIKOVA, M.A.; PROKOPENKO, V.V.; BEKLEMESHEVA, Ye.D.;

BARANOVA, T.V.

Effectiveness of specific prophylaxis with alcohol divaccine against typhoid and paratyphoid B fever in school-age children. Zhur. mikrobiol., epid. i immum. 41 no.1:23-27 Ja '64.

(MIRA 18:2)

USSR / Human and Animal Physiology. Thermoregulation.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 9, 1958, 41105.

Author : Aliverdiyev, A.A.; Abramova, O.M.; Allakhverdiyev,

I.I.

Inst : Institute of Animal Husbandry, Dagestan Branch AS

USSR.

Title : Temperature, Pulse and Respiration of Newborn Lambs.

Orig Pub: Tr. In-ta Zhivotnovodstva, Dagestansk. fil. AN SSSR,

1956, 3, 92-95.

Abstract: Measurement of body TO, pulse, and respiration rate were carried out at the time of birth and, later within 30 minutes, 2 and 6 hours; they were carried out during the following 10-12 days- morning and night. During the first hours of life only slight fluctuation of TO were noted; the TO of the newborn

lambs was, as expected, higher than in adult sheep,

Card 1/2

32

USSR / Human and Animal Physiology. Thermoregulation.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 9, 1958, 41105.

Abstract: but did not exceed 41°C. The hour of the day and the T° of the air of the environment did not have any effect on body T°, which proves the existance of the ability of thermoregulation in lambs already at birth. The pulse and respiration rate was subject to extreme fluctuations during the first 2 days and was 3 times the rate of adult sheep; in the following 10-15 days, it was twice the rate of adults. The increase of the pulse and respiration rate in newborn lambs appears to represent an adaptation act, the purpose of which is to increase metabolism and heat production. -- R. I. Polikanina.

Card 2/2

ABRAMOVA, O. M. Cand Agr Sci -- kadeax (diss) "The Effect of Various Doses of Ensilaged Maize on the Productivity of Cows, Composition of Milk and Quality of Cheese." Mos, 1957. 21 pp 20 cm. (Mos Order of Lenin Agricultural Academy im K. A. Timiryazev), 110 copies (KL, 26-57, 110)

-82 -

USSR / Farm Animals. Cattle.

J

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 9, 1958, 40438.

Author : Abramova O. H.

Inst : Not given.
Title : The Effect of the Feeding of Corn Silage Upon

the Quality of Milk and Cheese.

Crig Pub: Izv. Timiryazevsk. s.-kh. akad., 1957, No 2,

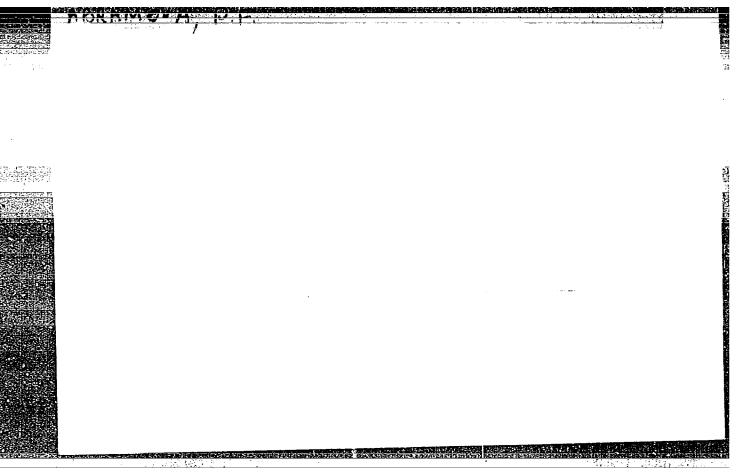
201-206.

Abstract: A slight decrease of the amount of fat, protein,

and calcium in the milk of cows receiving increased rations of corn silage was noticed. No negative influence of silage on the technological properties of milk in the production of cheese (of the Yaroslavskiy type) was observed.

Card 1/1

26



ABRAHOVA, P. N.

33h78. Slabitel'nyye Svoystva Vetvisiogo Podorazhnika. Ned. Prom-st' Sasr, 19h9, Ne 5, C. 30-32

SO: Letopis' Zhurnal'nykh Statey, Vol. 45, Moskva, 1949

ABRAMOVA, P.N.

The laxative properties of roadside weeds. Gyogyszeresz 6 no. 8:186-187 1 Aug 1951. (CLML 23:5)

1. All-Union Pharmaceutical Scientific-Research Institute imeni Ord-shonikidze.

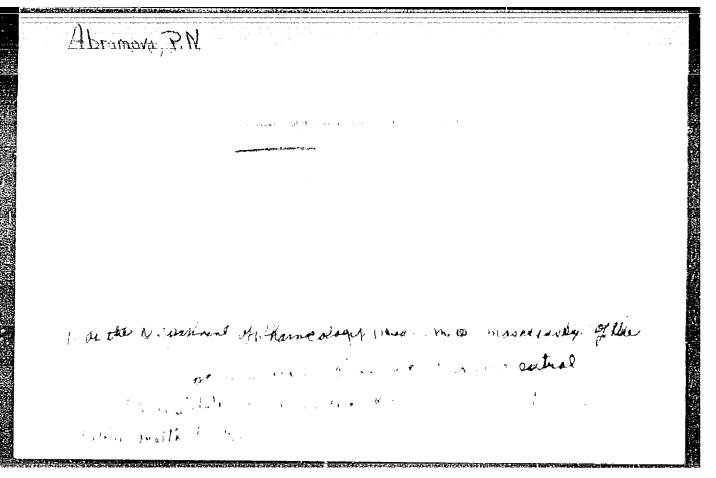
- 1. ABRAMOVA, P. N.
- 2. USSR (600)
- 4. Pharmacology
- 7. Biological evaluation of digalen-neo. Apt.delc no.5, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, January 1953. Unclassified.

ABRAMOVA, P.N.

Stability of standard preparations of Adonis, Digitalis, and Cornvallaria applied for biological evaluation. Aptech. delo, Moskva 2 no.5:45-48 Sept-Oct 1953. (CIML 25:5)

1. Of the Department of Pharmacology (Head -- Prof. H. D. Mashkovskiy) of the All-Union Scientific-Research Pharmaceutic Chemistry Institute imeni Sergo Ordshonikidze (Director -- Prof. M. V. Rubtsov), Ministry of Public Health USSR.



ABRAMOVA, P.N. mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik.

Biological evaluation of Corvallaria majalis preparations by intracardiac administration. Apt. delo. 4 no. 6:18-21 N-D '55.

(MLRA 9:1)

1. Iz laboratorii biokontrolya otdela farmakologii (zav.-prof. M.D. Mashkovskiy) Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo khimiko-farmatsevticheskogo instituta imeni S. Ordzhonikidze Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya SSSR.

(PLANTS.

corvallaria majalis prep., eff., intracaradiac admin. in animals)

in animals)
(HEART, effect of drugs on,
Corvallaria majalis prep., intracardiac admin. in
animals)

ABRAMOVA, P. W.

'USSR/Pharmacology. Pharmacognosy. Toxicology - Analgesics.

T-3

Abs Jour

: Referat Zhur - Biologiya, No 16, 1957, 71671

Author

: Mashkovskiy, M.D., Abramova, P.N.

Inst Title

: Pharmacological Properties of Isopromedole

Orig Pub

: Farmacolog. i Toksokologia, 1956, 19, No 3, 26-32

Abstract

: The tests were done on rats, rabbits and dogs. The analgesic action of isopromedole (I) is close in effect to promedole (II). In tests with rats it was shown, that I has a stronger and more prolonged analgesic effect, than II. It was established that the action of I in a concentration of 10⁻⁵ lowers the muscle tone and reduces the amplitude of contractions, and in 10⁻⁴ fully relaxes the intestinal muscle of an isolated rabbit intestine. In tests with intact animals using the Nikolayev-S u b b o t i n Method, it was found that in doses of 1 to 3 mg/kg produces a rise in the tonus and an increase

Card 1/2

- 16 -

USSR/Pharmacology. Pharmacognosy. Toxicology - Analgesics.

T-3

Abs Jour : Referat Zhur - Biologiya, No 16, 1957, 71671

in the amplitude of intestinal contractions; I in doses of 0.2 to 3 mg/kg causes a rise in the tonus of the uterus with a subsequent weakening. I does not differ from II in toxicity and its spasmolytic effect.

Card 2/2

- 17 -

ABRAHOVA, P.N.

Biological rating of strophantin preparation by intracardiac injection. Apt.delo 6 no.1:25-27 Ja-F 157. (MIRA 10:3)

1. Iz laboratorii biokontrolya otdela farmakologii (zaveduyushchiy - M.D. Mashkovskiy) Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledovateliskogo khimiko-farmatsevticheskogo instituta imeni S. Ordzhonikidze.

(STROPHANTIN)

JE BETING

ABRAMOVA, P.N.

Bioassay of adonis preparations by intracardiac injection. Apt.delo (MIRA 10:12) 6 no.6:59-60 N-D 157.

1. Iz laboratorii biokentrolya (zav. Yu.I.Syrneva) etdela farmakologii (zav. M.D.Mahskovskiy) Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledovstel¹skogo khimiko-farmatsevticheskogc instituta imeni S.Ordzhonikidze. (CARDIAC GLYCOSIDES)

ABRAMOVA, P.N.

Bionssay of digitalis preparations by intracardiac injection.

Apt.delo 7 no.4:65-68 J1-Ag 158 (MIRA 11:8)

1. Is laboratorii biologicheskogo kontrolya (zav. Yu. I. Syrneva) otdela farmakologii (zav. M.D. Mashkovskiy) Veesoyusnogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo khimiko-farmatsevticheskogo instituta imeni S.Ordshonikidze.

(DIGITALIS)

SYRNEVA, Yu.I.; ABRAMOVA, P.N.

Data on comparative studies of the activity of crystalline cymarin and a standard liquid Adonis preparation on R. tempraria. Farm.i toks. 23 no.6:521-525 N-D *60. (MIRA 14:3)

1. Otdel farmakologii (zav. - prof. M.D. Mashkovskiy) Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledovatel skogo khimiko-farmatsevticheskogo instituta imeni S. Ordzhonikidze.

(ADONIS) (CARDIAC GLYCOSIDES)

ABRAMOVA, P.N.

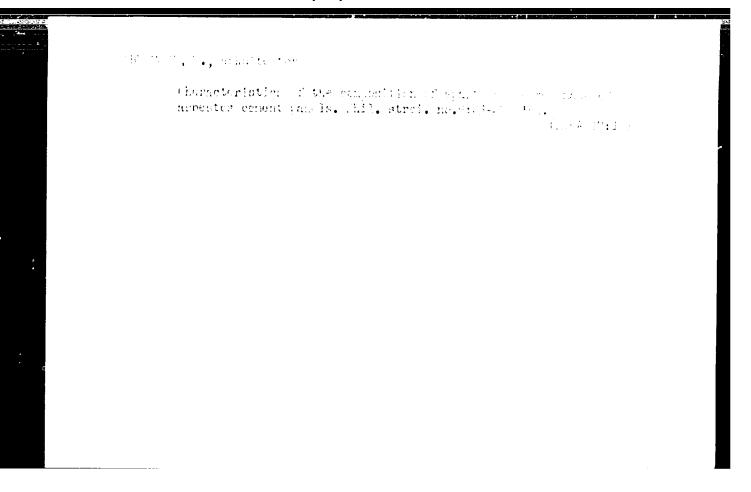
Change in the resistance of the frog, Rana temporaria to dardiac glycosides under the intracardiac method of administration. Apt. delo 10 no. 1:27-29 Ja-F '61. (MIRA 14:2)

1. Laboratorii biokontrolya (zav. Yu.I. Syrneva) otdela farmakologii (zav. - prof. M.D. Mashkovskiy) Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledovatel! - skogo khimiko-farmatsevticheskogo instituta imeni S. Ordzhonikidze. (CARDIAC GLYCOSIDES)

ABRAMOVA, R., arkhitektor

Buildings made of asbestos-cement slabs. Zhil. stroi. no.2: 26-32 62. (MIRA 16:1)

(Asbestos cement) (Building)



SOV/80-59-1-34/44

AUTHORS:

Eutsenko, A.I., Lyubomilov, V.I. and Abramova, R.A.

TITLE:

Synthesis of Isodecyl Alcohel and Reters Pased on It (Sinter inodetsilevege spirta i pelucienije slozbnykh efirov na jege ornove)

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal prikladnov khimii, 1959, Nr 1, pp 211-213 (USSR)

APSTRACT:

The di-ester of the adipic acid was tested as a plasticizer for the polyvinyl chloride and found to be suitable for using in injustry for the manufacture of hose masticated rubber and other materials. The properties of masticated rubber obtained are presented in the tabular and graphical forms. The masticated rubber with a frost-resisting property of -30°C possesses the specific volume resistance of 3.5xl; 14 \(\Omega\).cm, and that with the frost-resisting property of -45°C possesses the specific volume resistance of $5.5 \times 10^{12} \Omega$.cm.

Card 1/2

There are 2 tables, 1 graph and 4 references, 3 of which are

Soviet and 1 English.

Synthesis of Inodecyl Alcohol and Esters Based on It SOV/80-59-1-34/44

ACCOCIATION: Laboratoriya or, anicheskogo sintez. Mauchno-issledovatel skogo

institute Plastmess (Laboratory of Organic Synthesis of the

Scientific Research Institute for Plastics)

GEE 1978 Day 30, 1957

Card 2/2

ADUNTS, G.T.; ABRAMOVA, R.A.

Effect of pain on the functional activity of alkaline phosphatase in the kidneys of white rats. Izv. AN Arm. SSR. Biol. nauki 17 no.2: 21-32 F 164. (MIRA 17:8)

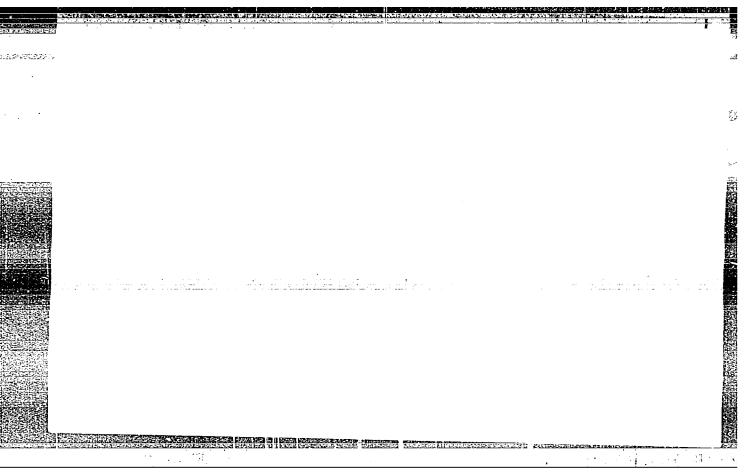
1. Institut biokhimii AN Armyanskoy SSR.

ABRAMOVA, R. A.

ABRAMOVA, R. A. "The physiology of trace conditioned reflexes in dogs and lower apes." Acad Sci USSR. Inst of Physiology imeni I. P. Pavlov. Leningrad, 1956.

(Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate in Sciences)

So: Knizhnaya Letopis', No. 18, 1956



USSR/Human and Animal Physiology. Nervous System. Higher Nervous Activity. Dehavior.

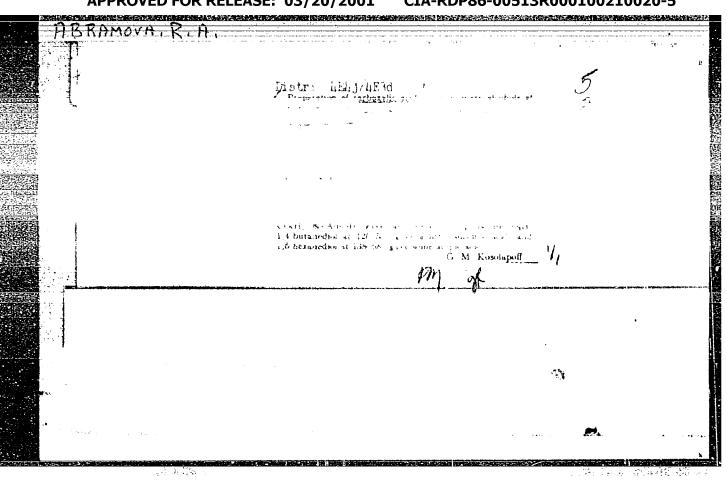
T-10

Abs Jcur: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 12, 1958, 56056.

feeding-boxes for various periods of time, increasing from 5 to 60 seconds. When the animal was removed for up to 15 seconds, conditioned reflex (CR) developed with the first presentation, but when the interval was increased to 60 seconds, about 70 presentations became necessary. The introduction of a screen, which rose at the end of the tracking interval only, thus giving the animal a free access to the feeding-racks at this point, produced a disturbance of CR which has developed already. The animal again began by preferring to choose the same box to which it had come on previous occasions. The same phenomenon was observed when the interval time was shortened from 2 minutes to 5-30 seconds. After completed training, CR was also pre-

Card : 2/3

173



ABRAMOVA, R.A.

Physiology of retarded artificial conditioned reflexes in lower apes. Izv. AN Arm. SSR. Biol. i sel'khoz. nauki 11 no. 5:9-16 My '58. (MIRA 11:7)

1. Institut fixiologii AN ArmSSR.
(Conditioned response)
(Baboons)

ABRAMOVA, R.A.

Development of complex conditioned visual and kinesthetic reflexes in lower monkeys. Report No.2. Izv.AN Arm.SSR.Biol. i sel'khoz.nauki 11 no.11:17+28 N '58. (NIRA 11:12)

1. Institut fiziologii im. I.P.Pavlova, AN SSSR, Leningrad. (CONDITIONED RESPONSE) (MONKEYS)

ABRAMUVA, R.A.

Some comparative-physiological characteristics of dogs and lower monkeys. Izv. AN Arn. SSR. Biol. nauki 12 no.6:25-32 (MIRA 12:10)

1. Institut fiziologii AN Armssr.
(DOGS--PHYSIOLOGY) (MONKEYS--PHYSIOLOGY) (COMDITIONED RESPONSE)

ABRAMOVA, R.A.

Dynamics of the formation and differentiation of a conditioned visual trace reflex at different intervals in dogs and lower monkeys.

Izv. AN Arm. SSR. Biol. nauki 13 no.12:29-40 D '60. (MIRA 13:12)

1. Institut fiziologii Akademii nauk ArmSSR. (CONDITIONED RESPONSE)

ADUNTS, G.T., ABRAMOVA, R.A.

Effect of adrenaline on the activity of alkaline phosphatase of rat kidneys (in vivo). Vop. biokhim. 3:125-131 '63.

1. Institute of Biochemistry, Academy of Sciences of the Armenian S.S.R., Erevan.

ADUNTS, G.T.; ABRAMOVA, R.A.

Effect of pair on the functional activity of alkaline phosphatase in the kidneys of white rate. Izv. AN Arm. SSR. Viol. nauki 17 no.2:21-32 F '64. (MIRA 17:8)

1. Institut biokhimii AN Armyanskoy SSR.

ABRAMOVA, R.P., arkhitektor

Building apartment houses of few stories in Italy. Gor.

khoz. Mosk. 33 no.10:37-40 0 '59. (MIRA 13:2)

(Italy-Apartment houses)

ABRAMOVA, Renate Pavlovna, arkhitektor; RAZINKOV, P., red.; SHLYK, N., tekhn.red.

[Asbestos cement in modern architecture] Asbestotsement v sovremennoi arkhitekture. Moskva, Mosk.rabochii, 1961. 86 p.

(MIRA 14:4)

(Asbestos cement)

ABRAMOVA, R.S., inzh.

Foaming agent from a plant of Central Asia. Bet.i zhel.-bet. no.3:142 Mr '61. (MIRA 14:5)

ABRAMOVA, S.A.; MARCHENKO, O.F.

Matorials for the palynological study of the subsalt layer in the Verkine-Kamskoye potassium deposit. Trudy VNIIG no.40:337-370 '60.

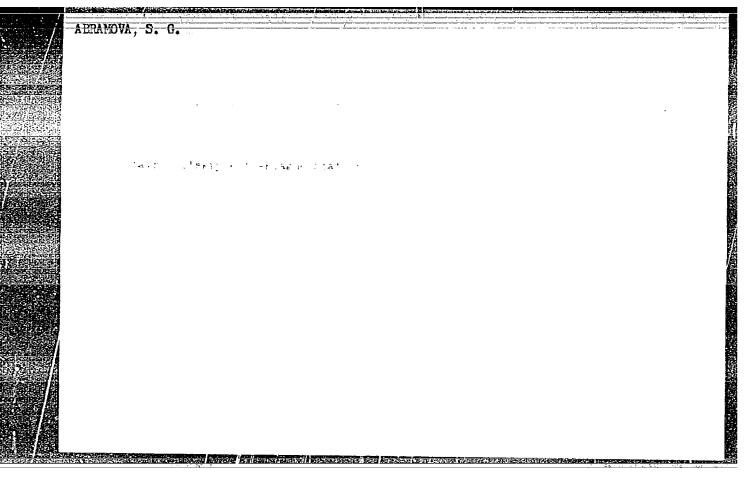
(Kama Valley-Salt deposits)

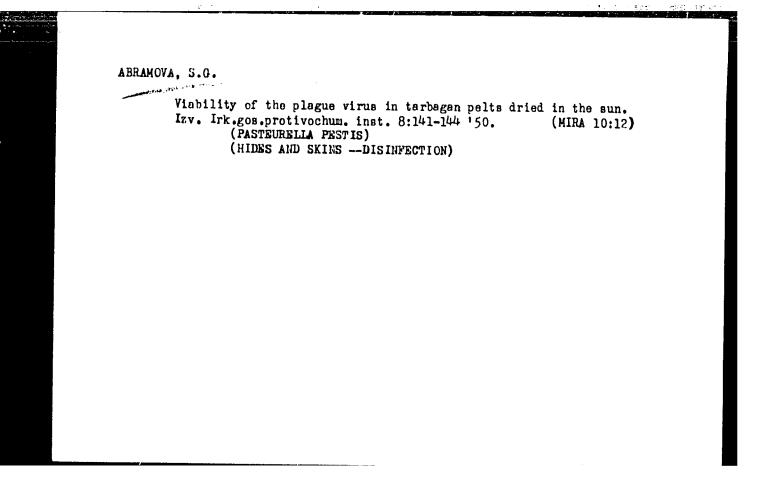
(Falynology)

ROMENSKIY, N.V.; CHMYR, A.D.; ABRAMOVA, S.A.; BELOSTOTSKAYA, A.N.

Germination and respiration intensity of corn seeds irradiated by COOO gamma rays in an air-dry state. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; pishch. tekh. no.4:17-19 '63.

1. Odesskiy tekhnologicheskiy institut imeni Lomonosova, kafedra biokhimii zerna.





ASRAMOVA, S. G.

USSR/Medicine- Virus Deseases

Jan 53

"Distribution of the Virus of Lymphocytic Choriomeningitis Among Rodents, "M. I. Levi, N. N. B asova, G. I. Chuyeva, S. G. Abramova, Ukr Inst of Spidemiol and Microbiol imeni I. I. Mechnikov

"Zhur Mikrobiol, Epidemiol, 1 Immunobiol" No 1, pp 52-57

Rodents of various species, including 827 common mice and 33 wild rodents of various species, were caught in urban, suburban, and rural localities. Thirty four strains of the virus of lymphocytic choricmening it were isolated from common mice, one from a field mouse. The degree of infection of rodents with the virus was hightest in rural, next hightest in suburban, and lowest in urban.

PA 241T15

LETOV, G.S.; ABRAMOVA, S.G.

Pulmonary plague outbreak in Bukhmurin District. Izv. Irk.nauch.issl.protivochum.inst. 20:107-110 '59. (MIRA 13:7)
(BUKHMURIN DISTRICT (MONGOLIA)--PLAGUE)

KLIMENTOV, Petr Platonovich; PYKHACHEV, Georgiy Borisovich; TOISTIKHIN, N.I., prof., retsenzent; SHAGOYANTS, S.A., prof., retsenzent; DA-VIDOVICH, V.E., dots., retsenzent; ASATUR, K.G., dots., retsenzent; NOVOZHILOV, V.N., dots., retsenzent; PAUKER, N.G., starshiy nauch. sotr., retsenzent; KRASIL'NIKOVA, N.P., ass., retsenzent; ABRAMOVA, S.K., otv. red.; SLAVOROSOV, A.Kh., red. izd-va; IL'INSKAYA, G.M., tekhm. red.

[Dynamics of underground water] Dinamika podzemnykh vod. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo lit-ry po gornomu delu, 1961. 514 p.

(Water, Underground)

ABRAMOVA, S.M.

USSR/General Problems of Pathclogy - Tumors.

T-5

Alis Jour

: Ref Zhur - Biol., No 1, 1958, 3163

Author

Abramova, S.M.

Inst

Title

: A Case of Choroid Neuroepithelioma in the Horse.

Orig Pub

: Tr. Dagestansk. S.-kh. in-ta, 1956, 8, 187-188

Abstract

: A five-year old horse developed cerabral and meningeal signs, i.e., depressed reflexes, locomotor ataxia and, later, paralysis of the hind extremities with uncontrolled micturition and defecation. An autopsy revealed a tumor located in the fourth ventricle near the lateral cerebellar peduncles. The tumor consisted of numerous epithelial islands of various sizes and shapes. In certain areas epithelial cells surrounded villus-like connective tissue protrusions and papillae containing centrally-located blood vessels. A part of the tumor tissue contained a cystic structure with erythrocytes,

Card 1/2

USSR/General Problems of Pathology - Tumors.

T-5

Ahs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 1, 1958, 3163

leucocytes and monocytes within the cystic cavities. The tumor was extremely vascular, the blood vessels were filled with blood.

Card 2/2

USSR/Diseases of Farm Animals. Noninfectious Diseases R-2

. Abs Jour : Ref Zhur-Biol., No 2, 1958, 2764

Author : Dandamayer Sh. G., Abramova J. M.
Inst : Dagestan Agricultural Institute
Title : Enzootic Ataxia in Lambs in Dagestan

Orig Pub : Tr. Dagestansk. in-ta, 1956, 8, 4853

Abstract : Enzootic ataxia in lambs with manifestations of

disturbance of the nervous system, uncoordinated movements, and spasms of brief duration were noted in lambs during the winter-spring period. The lambs were either born sick or became sick during the first 30 days. Strained walking was the first symptom of the disease in such lambs. When moving forward the lambs fell and because of the weakness of their posterior extremities set down like dogs. Lambs that recovered remained in a crippled

Card 1/2

USSR/Diseases of Farm Animals. Noninfectious Diseases R-2

.Abs Jour : Ref Zhur-Biol., No 2, 1958, 2764

Abstract : condition. The mortality rate was high. In the pathologico-anatomical respect there were acutely expressed congested hyperemia of the weblike and soit brain membranes and brair matter of the large hemispheres, flatbiness and liquifaction of the white matter of the hemispheres and hemorrhages in the dura matter. In the subdural area of the brain and in the epidural area of the spinal cord there were large quantities of exudate. A histological investigation of the central nervous system and the peripheral nerves of the posterior extremities revealed swelling, intensified argyrophilia, a varicose condition, fragmentation, and tissue decay. Apparently the described disease is enalogous to the disease of sheep encountered in different countries because of a lack of copper.

Card 2/2

DANDAMAYEV, Sh.G., dotsent; ABRAMOVA, S.M., assistant.

On the clinical aspects and pathomorphology of enzoetic ataxia in lambs in Dagestan. Veterinariia 33 no.1:38-42 Ja '56. (MLRA 9:4)

1. Dagestanskiy sel'skekhezyaystvennyy institut. (DAGESTAN--SHEEP--DISHASES AND PESTS) (ATAXIA)

ABRAMOVA, S.N.

Guide for determining tulip species of Turkmenistan in the state of fruiting. Izv. AN Turk. SSR. Ser. biol. mauk no.3:81-84 '65. (MIRA 18:9)

1. Botanicheskiy sad AN Turkmenskoy SSR.

RUKOSUYEV, S.G., professor; ABRAMOVA, S.P.

AT AT A SAME THE TOTAL OF

Use of S.I.Spasokukotskii's mixture with an anesthetic in surgery of the gastrointestinal tract. Vest.khir.76 no.10: 39-46 N '55. (MLRA 9:1)

1. Iz kliniki obshchey khirurgii (zav.--prof. S.G.Rukosuyev) Yaroslavskogo meditsinskogo instituta. (GASTROINTESTINAL SYSTEM, surg.

use of Spasokukotskii nutritive infusion into small intestine)

(INFUSIONS, PARENTERAL

Spasokukotskii nutritive infusion into small instestine in surg. of gastrointestinal system)

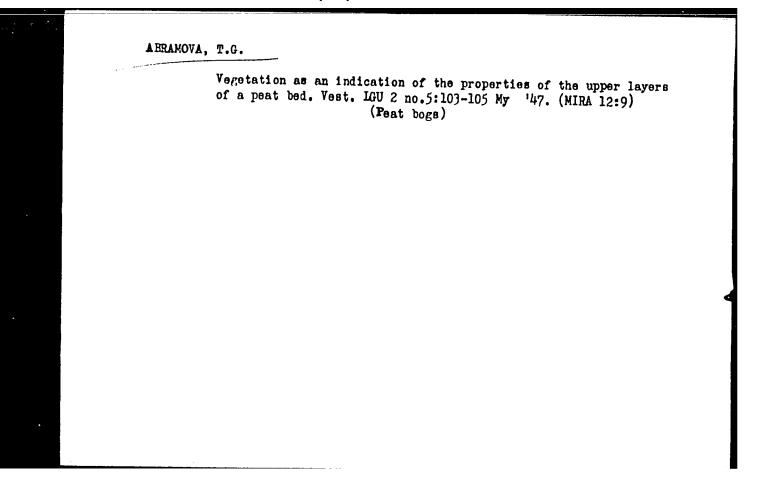
ABRAMOVA, T.A.

Palynological characteristics of recent sediments of various genesis in the continental shore area of Sakhalin Gulf. Vest. Mosk. un. Ser. 5: Geog. 20 no.6:17-24 N-D 165.

(MIRA 19:1)

1. Kafedra geomorfologii Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta. Submitted January 19, 1965.

L 10339-67 WP(j)/EWI(m) IJP(c) RM/DS ACC NR: AP60:9908 SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/015/0086/0066 INVENTORS: Kolesnikov, G. S.; Tevlina, A. S.; Novikova, S. P.; Levin, B. B.; Chernemyrdina. L. F.; Abramova, T. D. ORG: none TITLE: A method for obtaining heat-resistant and chemically stable cationite membranes. C. aus 39, No. 184427 \(\frac{1}{2} \) (announced by Moscow Institute of Chemical Technology lm. D. I. Mendeleyev (Moskovskiy khimiko-tekhnicheskiy institut)/ SOURCE: Izobret prom obraz tov zn, no. 15, 1966, 86 TOPIC TAGS: jon exchange membrane, monomer, polymer, graft copolymer, fluorine, ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate presents a method for obtaining heat-resistant and chemically stable cationite membranes by grafting monomer compounds containing ionogenic groups to fluorine-containing copolymers. To obtain membranes characterized by a selectivity in separating the ions of polyvalent metals, a mixture of &-phenylvinyl phosphinic acid and acrylic acid or acrylonitryl is used Card 1/1/1 SUB CODE: 07/ SUBM DATE: 13May65 UDC: 661.183.123.2:678.743-139



- 1. AERALOVA, T. O.
- 2. VIII (600)
- 4. Kochkor District-Pastures
- 7. Data from field statin observations in the Ukok River Valley of Kochkor District, Kirghiz S.S.R. Trudy Len. ob-va est. 69 no. 3, 1949

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, June 1953, Unclassified.

1:	ABRAMOVA, T. G.
2.	US3R (600)
4.	Botany - Ecology
7.	Material for the study of the relationship between plant cover of a swamp and certain properties of the upper layers of the peat deposit. Uch. zap. Len. un. no. 143, 1951.
9.	Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, May 1953, Unclassified.

ABRAHOVA, T.G.

Relation of the vegetation cover of marshes to the structure of upper layers of peat deposits. Uch.zap.Len.un.no.167:64-92 154. (MLRA 9:6)

ABRAMOVA, T.G.

Improving the present-day feed supply in Sosnovo District of Lenizgrad Province as exemplified by one of the collective farms. Vest. Len.un. 10 no.1:95-108 Ja 155. (MLRA 8:4) (Sosnovo District (Leningrad Province)--Feeding and feeding stuffs)

ABRAMOVA, T.G.

Marshes of the northern Ladoga region and their agricultural uses. Vest.Len.un.ll ne.12:73-85 '56. (MIRA 9:9) (Ladega region--Swamps)

ABEAMOVA, T.G.; KOZIOVA, G.I.

Geobotanical districts of the northern Iake Iadoga region and the
Karelian Isthmus [with summary in English]. Vest. IGU 12 no. 24:
152-170 '57.

(Karelian Isthmus—Phytogeography)

(Iadoga region—Phytogeography)

Mendows in the western districts of Volorda Province, Vest, LOU

1% no.10:75-91 '50. (MRA 10:7)

(Volorda Prevince--Pastures and mendows)

ABRANCVA, T.G.; BOBOK, B.D.; DVORNIKOVA, I.L.; ROMANOVA, V.P.; FILENKO,

Natural conditions and some problems of the development of agriculture in the central part of the Karelian Isthmus.

Vest.LGU 17 no.6:109-120 '62. (MIRA 15:4)

(Karelian Isthmus—Agriculture)

ABRAMOVA, T.G.

Zoning of bogs in small areas and its importance for agriculture as revealed by the studies in the Karelian Isthmus. Vest. IGU 18 no.18:68-81 '63. (MIRA 16:11)

ABRAMOVA, T.G.

Indicatory significance of the bog vegetation of Leningrad Province. Trudy MOIP 8:77-93 '64. (MIRA 17:12)

ABRAMOVA, T.G.; KOZLOVA, G.I.

Phytogeographical zoning of Vologda Province. Bot.zhur. 49 no.10:1438-1445 0 '64. (MIRA 18:1)

1. Leningradskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni A.A.Zhdanova.

SHIROKOV, S.F., prof.; MAZALETSKAYA, Ye.M.; ABRAMOVA, T.I.; RYBKINA, L.G.

Strepto-endotoxic reaction of leucocyte sedimentation in rheumatic fever in children. Vop.okh.mat. i det. 4 no.4:41-46 J1-Ag '59.

(MIRA 12:12)

1. Iz kliniki detskikh bolezney Kubanskogo meditsinskogo instituta (dir. - prof. V.K. Suprunov).

(RHEUMATIC FEVER) (LEUCOCYTES)

ACC NR. AT6024287

SOURCE CODE: UR/2976/66/000/005/0247/0257

AUTHOR: Abramova, T. I.

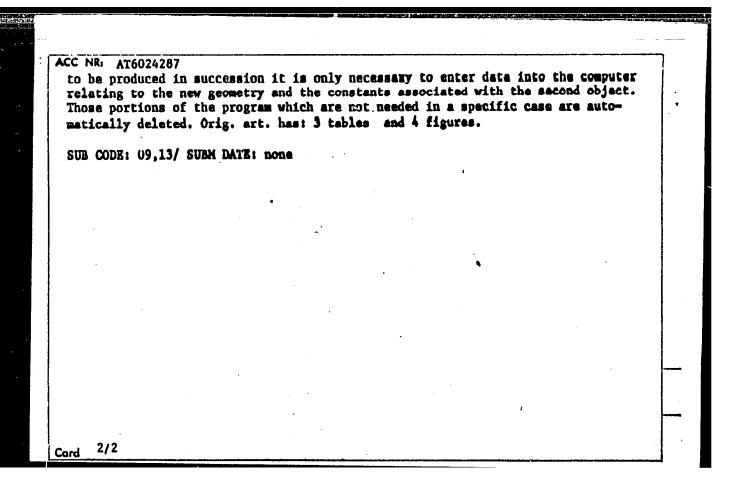
ORG: none

TITLE: Organization of computing process in automatic program preparation for digitally controlled machine tools

SOURCE: Moscow. Vyssheye tekhnicheskoye uchilishche. Vychislitel'nsya tekhnika, no. 5, 1960, 247-257

TOPIC TAGS: automatic computer programming, computer program, automatic program, industrial automation

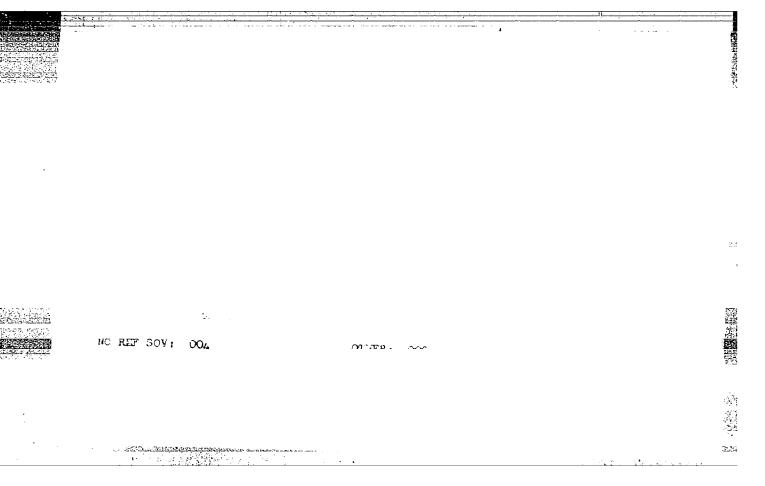
ABSTRACT: One of the difficulties in digital control of metal cutting machine tools is the writing of sufficiently universal programs which require minimum modification when machine parts of different shapes are to be produced. The problem of formulating the programs for the trajectory of the metal cutting tool is reduced to the problem of finding the points of intersection of (two circles, two lines, or a circle and a line), or the point of contact between (two circles, line and a circle) or the length of line segments between the points of intersection or contact of regular geometric figures. Four algorithms (including two with logical variables) and their coding methods for a Ural-2 computer are presented. These algorithms are sufficiently generalized and require no more memory space allocation than is available in computers such as Ural-2 or Minsk-2. When two items of different shapes are Cord 1/2

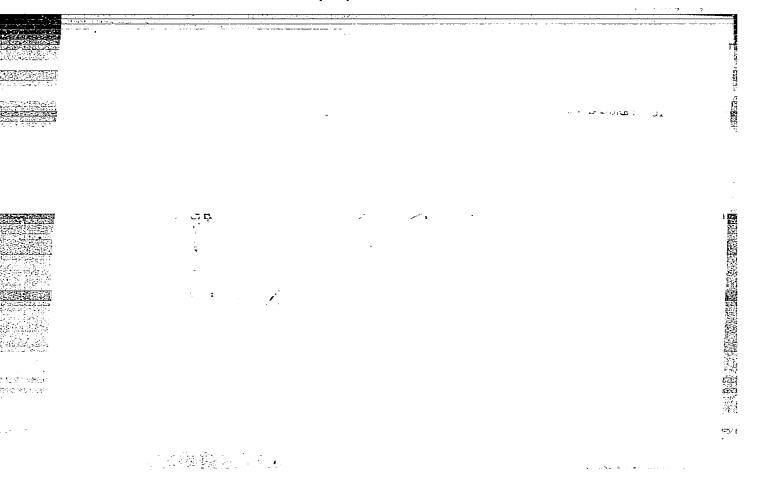


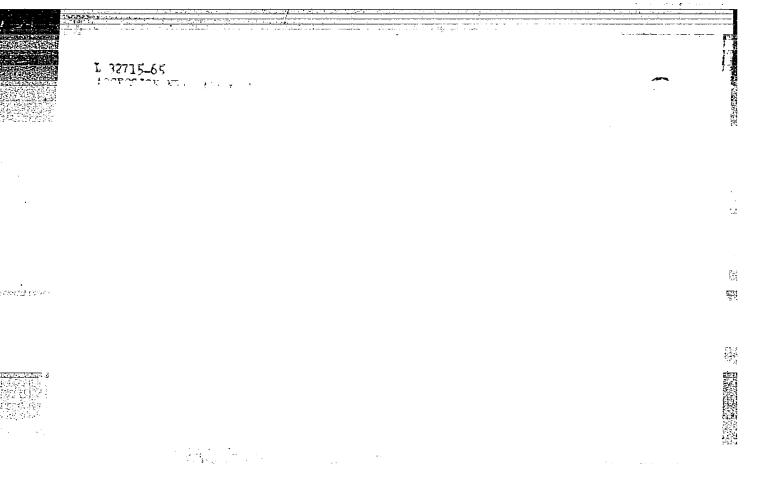
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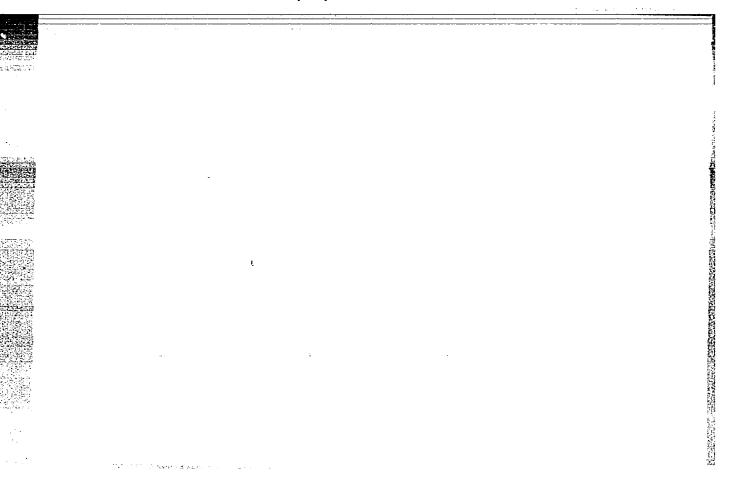
Gas odorization in the gas-supply system of Leningrad.
Trudy VNIIT no.12:168-173 '63. (MDRA 18:11)

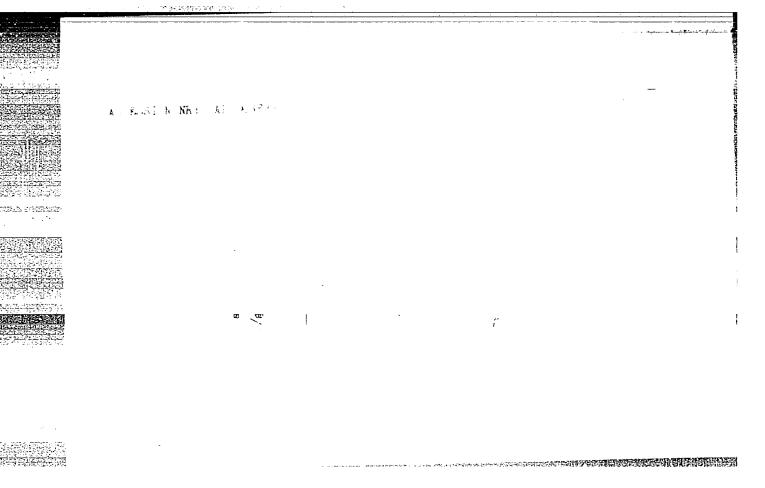
1. Tekhnicheskiy otdel Leningradskogo upravleniya magistral - nykh gazoprovodov (for Abramova).

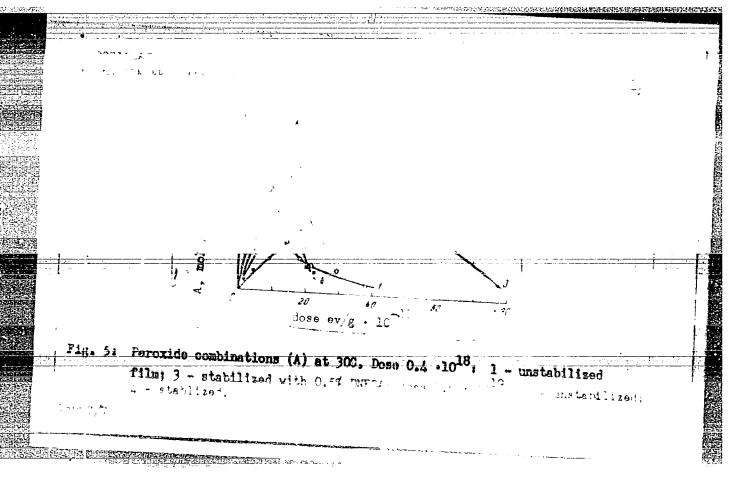








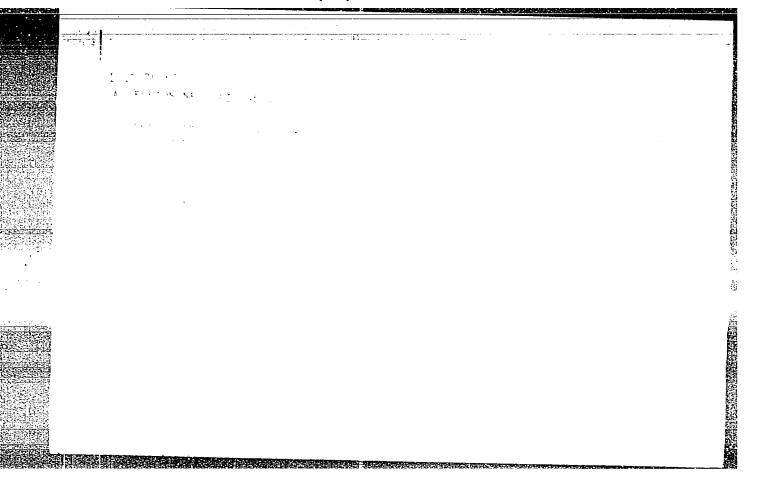




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TOPIC TAGS: digital computer alltanimer	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
3 Timal. tecoding impersion segetions	in the still be ling,
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ABSTRACT: The author notes that in the solution of need arises to feed alphanumeric information into	t many different richlams the
process it. The extreme complement	Life Glatia. Applier and to
three fundamental problems are disast	this type is indicated, and
information: 1) the automatic road	e processing of alphanumeric
document. 2) the automatic read-out of the inf	to Company on Example Drimary
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。 第一章,我们是是一个人,我们就是我们的人,我们就是我们的人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是我们的人,我们就是我们的人,我们就是我们的人,我们就是我们的人

13076-65 ACCESSION NR: AT4046517 wition represented in a telegraphic code. However, even these machines (for example, the "Minsk-2") are unable to process alphabetic information directly. The present article describes a method for the redire talphanumeric information findividual words, word groups sentences and a second findividual words, word groups sentences and a second findividual words. A Control of the Control of the Control of the Company of the Control of the Company of the Company of the Control of the Company of the Control of the Cont the form adopted for the machine (m.im., v. wice relating sectman point). The program for the recoding of the alphanumer; that he makes as in effect, broken down into two programs as muchur real and stampand a words and sentencereading program. The latter adds the letter as well as the called the adding program. In the development of these programs, the recession parts to which repeated access is required from the reading program, ere separate the Control of the state of the sta program, which is the most amount to the program of the state of the s The Hillard Tread cour performed on the development of anxiety(nos for the succession of elebanomeric text The work into machine codes was checked and verified to the fall outpersal digital computer. Working programs for the reading that we write texts were compiled. The volume of the working text-reading programs in our exceed 150 commands; as a result, the operational machine memory with the transfer of the 20-place binary



LOGACHEV, N.A.; ABRAMOVA, T.K.

Characteristics of the Cenozoic geology of the southeastern part of the Irkutek amphitheater. Trudy Vest.-Sib. fil. AN SSSR no.14:114-128

(Irkutek Province-Geology)

(MIRA 12:3)

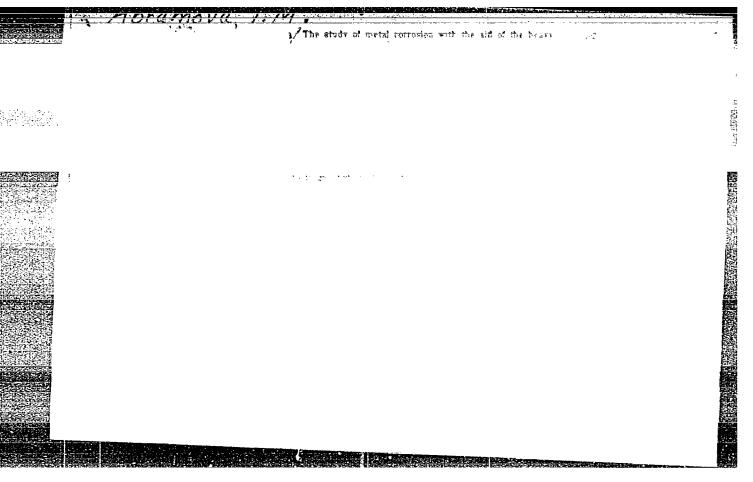
ASHKINAZI, M.S.; GLIMMAN, T.S.; ABRAMOVA, T.M.

Effect of inorganic ions on absorption spectra of chlorophyll.

Ikr.khim.zhur.17 no.2:176-180 '51. (MLRA 9:9)

1.Institut fizicheskoy khimii AN USSR.

(Ions) (Chlorophyll--Spectra)



SOV-21-59-0-15/29 Abramova, T.M., Gankina, I.L. and Fomenko, A.S. AUTHORS:

Investigation of Cathode Reduction of Oxygen to Hydrogen TITLE: Peroxide on a Coal-Nickel Electrode (Isaledovaniye katodno-

go vosstanovleniya kisloroda do perekisi vodoroda na ugol nomikelevom elektrode)

PERIODICAL: Dopovidi Akademii nauk Ukrains'koi RSR, 1958, Nr 9,

pp 974 - 976 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The process of cathode reduction of oxygen is used in tech-

nical production of hydrogen peroxide. However, the mechanism of the reaction which takes place in this process has not been explained thus far. The authors employed the heavy isotope O in order to clarify the origin of oxygen in bydrogen peroxide, which forms on a coal-nickel cathode in the oxygen reduction. As a result of this investigation it was shown that only molecular oxygen blown through the electrode plays a part in the cathode formation of hydrogen peroxide,

but not the oxygen of water. These findings are in agree-

ment with the concept of A.N. Frumkin that hydrogen peroxide Card 1/2

307-21-58-9-15/28

Investigation of Cathode Reduction of Oxygen to Hydrogen Peroxide on a Coal-Nickel Electrode

> formation is due to "newly"-adsorbed oxygen. There are 2 diagrams, 1 table and 10 references, 7 of which are Sov-

iet, 2 English and 1 American.

ASSOCIATION: Institut fizicheskoy khimii imeni L.V. Pisarzhevskogo

AN UkrSSR (Institute of Physical Chemistry im. L.V. Pisar -

of the AS UkrSSR) zhevskiy

PRESENTED:

By Member of the AS UkrSSR, A.I. Brodskiy

SUBMITTED: April 21, 1958

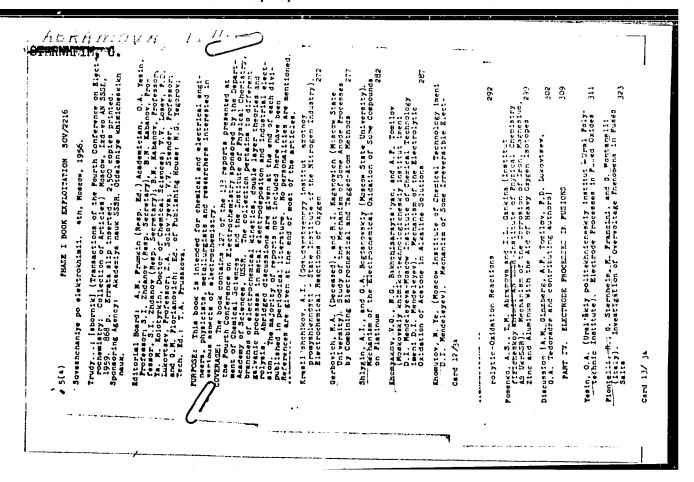
NOTE: Russian title and Russian names of individuals and institutions appearing in this article have been used in the

transliteration

1. Oxygen--Reduction 2. Hydrogen peroxide--Production

3. Electrolysis

Card 2/2



5 (4), 18 (7)

AUTHORS:

Fomenko, A. S., Abramova, T. M.,

05824 sov/76--33-10-22/45

Gankina, I. L.

TITLE:

An Investigation of Metal Corrosion With the Help of the Heavy Oxygen Isotope. II. Moist Atmospheric Corrosion of Cadmium

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal fizicheskoy khimii, 1959, Vol 33, Nr 10, pp 2249 - 2252

(USSR)

ABSTRACT:

In previous articles (Refs 1,2) the corrosion of iron and magnesium was investigated by means of the heavy oxygen isotope, and it was shown that there was an electrochemical mechanism with oxygen depolarization. In this article the authors investigated the moist atmospheric corrosion of cadmium by the same method and made experiments on the oxygen exchange of the corrosion products of cadmium (Cd(OH)₂) with H₂O¹⁸. The latter indicated that no exchange took place within 60 hours (Table 1). Since investigations with the help of cadmium filings of the sort KD=O failed, experiments were made by means of cadmium plating applied to a quartz tube (inner side). 3% NaCl solution served as corrosion liquid which was poured into the tube in a definite quantity together with oxygen at atmospheric pressure. The

Card 1/3

05824 an Investigation of Metal Corrosion With the Help of SOV/76-33-10-22/45 the Heavy Oxygen Isotope. II. Moist Atmospheric Corrosion of Cadmium

content of 0¹⁸ in the resultant water and gaseous oxygen was determined by mass spectrometric analysis (Ref 3). Experiments were made with the aid of natural water in heavy oxygen atmosphere as well as with H₂0¹⁸ in a common oxygen atmosphere. Results of measurement (Table 2) concerning the distribution of 0¹⁸ among water, gaseous oxygen and corrosion products indicate that cadmium corrodes according to two parallel mechanisms, i.e. an electrochemical mechanism with oxygen depolarization (as has already been observed by Feitknecht, Wyler (Ref 5), Ya. M. Kolotyrkin and L. A. Medvedeva (Ref 6)) and a chemical mechanism. Investigations of copper corrosion have shown that the exchange of Cu(OH)₂ oxygen with water is equilibrated after 48 hours. Accordingly, the afore-mentioned method cannot be applied here. In conclusion, the authors thank Academician A. I. Brodskiy for his help. There are 2 tables and 7 references, 6 of which are Soviet.

Card 2/3

05824

An Investigation of Metal Corrosion With the Help of the Heavy Oxygen Isotope. II. Moist Atmospheric Corrosion of Cadmium SOV/76-33-10-22/45

ASSOCIATION: Akademiya nauk USSR, Institut fizicheskoy khimii im. L. V.

Pisarzhevskogo, Kiyev (Academy of Sciences of the UkrSSR, Institute of Physical Chemistry imeni L. V. Pisarzhevskiy,

Kiyev)

SUBMITTED:

March 21, 1958

Card 3/3

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67265

AUTHORS:

Abramova, T. M., Gankina, I. L., Pomenko, A. S.

TITLE:

The Mechanism of Hydrogen Peroxide Formation in the Corrosion of Metals

PERIODICAL:

Doklady Akademii nauk 88SR, 1959, Vol 129, Nr 4, pp 820-823

ABSTRACT:

The authors set themselves the task of finding an answer to the following question: Is the hydrogen peroxide which is formed as an intermediate in the corrosion of metals caused by water and air formed from oxygen of the air, from that of water, or from the oxygen of both? As, according to reference 10, H₂O₂ is formed as an intermediate in the cathodic reduction of 0, and 0 is depolarized also in the corrosion of metals in air, the formation of H₂O₂ from the 0 in air was probable. In that case its isotopic composition would have to correspond to that of gasepus 0. This was checked by the authors by means of 0¹⁸ which was either added to the 0 blown through the solution corroding the metal, or was admixed to the solution as H₂O₂¹⁸. The

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67265 SOV/20-129-4-29/68

The Mechanism of Hydrogen Peroxide Formation in the Corrosion of Metals

approach of the isotopic composition of the H202 formed to that of gaseous O was actually observed by the authors in the corrosion of Zn, Mg, Sn, Al, and Cd in aqueous solution of H202 and during the blowing through of O. The experiments were made in the dark at room temperature and took 1 - 24 hours. The H202 content of the solution was then determined by means of permanganate (in the case of Zn and Cd the insoluble peroxides were dissolved by acidification) and the isotopic composition of H2O2 was determined by means of a mass spectrometer. Table 1 shows that in the experiments with $H_2O_2^{18} + O_2^{16}$ the O_2^{18} content decreases in the H2O2 analyzed after the experiment is ended, whereas it increases in the experiments made with $H_2 0_2^{16} + 0_2^{18}$. The H₂O₂ is thus produced from air-oxygen. A rough calculation of the isotopic composition of H2O2 to be expected, carried out, as an example, on Zn, showed a difference of 13% if compared 11

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67265

SOV/20-129-4-29/68

The Mechanism of Hydrogen Peroxide Formation in the Corrosion of Metals

with the experimental result. Also the differences found in experiments with other metals are of the same order of magnitude. The following causes are assumed to be responsible: 1) Part of the H202 formed is immediately again catalytically decomposed by the metal. 2) The O liberated in this decomposition partly again enters into reaction accompanied by the formation of H_2^{0} . Attempts at stabilizing the H_2^{0} formed by additions of oxyquinoline, sodium pyrophosphate, sodium silicate etc. were unsuccessful. The authors refer to published data, according to which there is no exchange between the oxygen of H_2^{0} and of air under the prevailing experimental conditions (Refs 14,15), which they were able to confirm by control tests. Thus, as no side-resctions occur, the results obtained by the authors prove that the ${\rm H_2O_2}$ is produced in the corrosion of metals from the oxygen in the air. It is finally mentioned that the authors thank A. I. Brodskiy, Academician of the AS UkrSSR, for supervising the investigations, and Engineer I. M. Protas for the mass-spectrometrical analyses

card 3/4

67265

507/20-129-4-29/68

The Mechanism of Hydrogen Peroxide Formation in the Corrosion of Metals

carried out. There are 1 table and 16 references, 3 of which

are Soviet.

Institut fizicheskoy khimii im. L. V. Pisarzhevskogo Akademii ASSOCIATION:

nauk USSR (Institute of Physical Chemistry imeni L. V.

Pisarzhevskiy of the Academy of Sciences, UkrSSR)

PRESENTED:

July 13, 1959, by A. N. Frumkin, Academician

SUBMITTED:

July 13, 1959

Card 4/4

ABRAMOVA, T. M.

Cand Chem Sci - (diss) "Study of the mechanism of corrosion of metals by the isotopic method." Kiev, 1961. 12 pp; (Academy of Sciences Ukrainian SSR, Inst of General and Inorganic Chemistry); 170 copies; price not given; (KL, 6-61 sup, 196)

FOMENKO, A.S.; GANKINA, I.L.; ABRAMOVA, T.M.

Isotopic method of investigating the mechanism of hydrogen peroxide decomposition on activated carbon. Kin.i kat. 2 no.5:732-736 S-0 '61. (MIRA 14:10)

1. Institut fizicheskoy khimii imeni L.V.Pisarzhevskogo AN USSR, Kiyev. (Hydrogen peroxide) (Oxygen--Isotopes)

FOMENKO, A.S.; ABRAMOVA, T.M.; GANKINA, I.L.

Decomposition of hydrogen peroxide in the presence of potassium iodate, bromate, and chlorate. Ukr. khim. zhur. 28 no.1:14-17 162. (MIRA 16:8)

l. Institut fizicheskoy khimii im. L.V. Pisarzhevskogo AN UkrSSR.

BRODSKIY, A.I.; FOMENKO, A.S.; ABRAMOVA, T.M.; FURMAN, Ye.G.; DARIYEVA, E.P.; KUCHTENKO, I.I.; GALTNA, A.A.

Electron paramagnetic resonance spectra of radicals arising in X-raying of polyamides. Dokl. AN SSSR 156 no. 5:1147-1149
Je 164. (MIRA 17:6)

1. Institut fizicheskoy khimii im. L.V.Pisarzhevskogo AN UkrSSR. 2.Chlen-korrespondent AN SSSR (for Bredskiy).

ACCESSION NR: AP4033700

5/0073/64/030/004/0376/0384

AUTHOR: Fomenko, A. S.; Abramova, T. M.; Dar'yeva, E. P.; Galina, A. A.; Furman,

TITIE: Oxidative destruction of polyamides. II. Participation of free radicals in the radiolysis and radiation oxidation of polycaprolactam.

SOURCE: Ukrainskiy khimicheskiy zhurnal, v. 30, no. 4, 1964, 376-384

TOPIC TAGS: polyamide, polycaprolactam, caprolactam oligomer, oxidation, free radical formation, radiolysis, radiation oxidation, EPR spectra, C N bond rupture, hydroperoxide formation, IR spectra, antioxidant, viscosity, cross linkage

APSTRACT: The free radicals formed by irradiation of polycaprolactam with cobalt-60, their function in the radiation oxidation of polycaprolactam, and the inhibiting action of an antioxidant were investigated. The electron paramagnetic resonance spectra of polycaprolactam and caprolactam oligomers irradiated with cobalt-60, and the effects of temperature, radiation dose and presence of oxygen on the changes in these spectra are described. The gaseous products of polycaprolactam radiolysis in vacuum are hydrogen and carbon monoxide in a 3:1 ratio and about